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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/500,825	07/07/2004	Harald Hofmann	183PUS	8491
	7590 10/09/2007	EXAMINER		
COHEN, PONTANI, LIEBERMAN & PAVANE 551 FIFTH AVENUE SUITE 1210 NEW YORK, NY 10176			GRAMLING, SEAN P	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
TIDW TOTAL,			2875	
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			10/09/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/500,825	HOFMANN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Sean P. Gramling	2875			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07</u>	' July 2004.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the applicating 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with description 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	lrawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on 07 July 2004 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to t Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	a) accepted or b) objecthe drawing(s) be held in abeyant ection is required if the drawing	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a leading to the papplication from the International Bure	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 15/05	Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application 			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 14,16 and 22 are objected to because of the following informalities: Applicant recites "the lamp element (15, 15') of the second type". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this element. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-5, 8, 15 and 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Madadi et al (US 5,688,042).
- Regarding claim 1, Madadi discloses a lamp comprising at least one base 20 for connection to a luminaire-side lamp fitting and at least one LED element 26 characterized that two or more LED elements are provided which are arranged spaced apart from the base and are combined to form one module 12 (see Figure 1, and column 3, lines 12-32).
- 5. Regarding claim 2, the module 12 is prefabricated in the form of a separate element which is to be fixed to the base 20 of the lamp (see Figure 7).

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6. Regarding claim 3, two or more LED elements 26 are at least partially combined to form an essentially row-like arrangement, in particular to form a linear arrangement (see Figures 1 and 7).

- 7. Regarding claim 4, the linear arrangement is aligned essentially along a longitudinal axis of the lamp (see Figure 1).
- 8. Regarding claim 5, the LED elements 26 along the module 12 can be switched on or off (see column 4, lines 57-60).
- 9. Regarding claim 8, a bulb element 10 is provided which at least partially envelops the module 12 (see Figure 1 and column 3, lines 12-17).
- 10. Regarding claim 15, the bulb element 10 is in the form of a diffuser (see column 3, lines 23-25).
- 11. Regarding claim 23, the lamp is essentially symmetrical with respect to a central plane of the lamp (see Figure 1).
- 12. Regarding claim 24, the module 12 is arranged centrally on the base (see Figures 1 and 7).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

13. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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14. Claims 6-7 and 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Madadi* as applied to claim 1 above.

15. Regarding claim 6, *Madadi* does not specify that the module 12 be essentially light-permeable. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a light-permeable module in order to allow the light generated by LED elements 26 to permeate in all directions.

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- 16. Regarding claim 7, *Madadi* does not specify that the module 12 be essentially reflective or light-scattering. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a reflective module in order to maximize the overall output of light generated by LED elements 26.
- 17. Regarding claims 25 and 26, *Madadi* does not specify the placement of two . modules 12 within lamp. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to duplicate the modules 12 within the lamp in order to increase the illumination of the lamp, and since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. *St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co.*, 193 USPQ 8.
- 18. Regarding claim 27, *Madadi* provides for the arrangement of the LED elements 26 on three sides of the module rather than one side. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to arrange the LED elements 26 in the manner claimed, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Japikse*, 86 USPQ 70.

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19. **Claims 9-14** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Madadi* as applied to claim 8 above, and further in view of *Chan* (US 2003/0021117).

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- 20. Regarding claims 9-14, Madadi discloses a bulb element 10 made of glass that contains diffusers (see column 3, lines 23-25), rather than a plastic bulb element with diffusers made of fluorescent material. However, Chan teaches a plastic bulb element 5 with diffusers made of fluorescent material 1 that would convert UV light components emitted from LED elements 2 into visible light (see Figure 2 and paragraphs [0023] and [0034]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace the bulb element 10 in Madadi with a plastic bulb element with fluorescent diffusers as taught by Chan in order to achieve color blending and a uniform refraction of light through the bulb element in all directions for environmental lighting (see Chan, paragraph [0013]). In regards to claims 11 and 12, Chan does not specify that the bulb element 5 be formed through plastic-injection molding and does not specify that the fluorescent diffusers 1 be either admixed to the bulb or part of the plastic. However, the method of forming the bulb element is not germane to the issue of patentability of the lamp itself and therefore has not been given patentable weight.
- 21. Claims 16-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Madadi* and *Chan* as applied to claim 8 above, and further in view of *Patent-Treuhand-Gessellschaft* (hereinafter *Treuhand*, DE 200 07 134)).
- 22. Regarding claims 16-22, *Madadi* does not disclose a second lamp element enclosed within the bulb element wherein the lamp is of the type of a compact

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fluorescent lamp or a high-pressure discharge lamp with a fluorescent layer and wherein radiation from the LED elements 26 particularly hits the lamp and multiple reflections take place. However, *Treuhand* discloses a second high-pressure discharge lamp 6 with a fluorescent layer wherein radiation from LED elements 10 particularly hits the fluorescent layer of the lamp 6 and wherein multiple reflections take place between the lamp and the LED elements (see Figures 1 and 3). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a fluorescent lamp within the bulb element 10 of *Madadi* as taught by *Treuhand* in order increase the overall intensity of the lamp device and to mix the radiation from the fluorescent lamp with the radiation from LED elements 26 to achieve variable color and color temperature.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sean P. Gramling whose telephone number is (571) 272-9082. The examiner can normally be reached on MONDAY-FRIDAY 7:30 AM-5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sandra O'Shea can be reached on (571) 272-2378. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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S.P. E.

Sean P Gramling Examiner Art Unit 2875

> Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 2800
